PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Complete System of Automatic Controls.
- B. Control Devices, Components, Wiring and Material.
- C. Instructions for Owners.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this Section with minimum five years' experience.
- B. TCC: Company specializing in the work of this section with minimum five years temperature control experience.
- C. Technician: Minimum five years' experience installing commercial temperature control systems.
- D. TCCs are limited to firms regularly employing a minimum of five full-time temperature control technicians within 100 miles of the job site.

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. AMCA 500 Test Methods for Louvers, Dampers and Shutters.
- B. ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1 (latest published edition) Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings.
- C. ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135-2001: BACnet® A Data Communication Protocol for Building Automation and Control Networks, including all amendments.
- D. ANSI/NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 volts Maximum).
- E. ANSI/NFPA 70 National Electrical Code.
- F. ANSI/NFPA 90A Installation of Air-Conditioning and Ventilation Systems.
- G. ASHRAE 62.1 Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality.
- H. ASHRAE 85 Automatic Control Terminology for Heating, Ventilating, Air Conditioning.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Equipment Coordination:
 - 1. The Controls Contractor shall obtain approved equipment submittals from other contractors to determine equipment wiring connections, to choose appropriate controllers, and to provide programming.



- 2. Control valve selections shall be based on flow rates shown in approved shop drawings.
- 3. Coordinate the control interface of all equipment with the equipment manufacturers prior to submittal submission.

B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Submit shop drawings per Section 23 05 00. In addition, submit an electronic copy of the shop drawings in Adobe Acrobat (.pdf) format to the Owner for review.
- Cross-reference <u>all</u> control components and point names in a single table located at the beginning of the submittal with the <u>identical</u> nomenclature used in this section.
- 3. Diagrams shall include:
 - Wiring diagrams and layouts for each control panel showing all termination numbers.
 - b. Schematic diagrams for all control, communication, and power wiring. Provide a schematic drawing of the central system installation. Label all cables and ports with computer manufacturers' model numbers and functions. Show all interface wiring to the control system.
 - c. Schematic diagrams for all field sensors and controllers.
 - d. A schematic diagram of each controlled system. The schematics shall have all control points labeled. The schematics shall graphically show the location of all control elements in the system.
 - e. A schematic wiring diagram for each controlled system. Each schematic shall have all elements labeled. Where a control element is the same as that shown on the control system schematic, label it with the same name. Label all terminals.
 - f. A tabular instrumentation list for each controlled system. The table shall show element name, type of device, manufacturer, model number and product data sheet number.
 - g. All installation details and any other details required to demonstrate that the system will function properly.
 - h. All interface requirements with other systems.
- 4. Sequences: Submit a complete description of the operation of the control system, including sequences of operation. The description shall include and reference a schematic diagram of the controlled system. The wording of the control sequences in the submittal shall match verbatim that included in the construction documents to ensure there are no sequence deviations from that intended by the Architect/Engineer. Clearly highlight any deviations from the specified sequences on the submittals.



- 5. Points List Schedule: Submit a complete points list of all points to be connected to the TCS and FMCS. The points list for each system controller shall include both inputs and outputs (I/O), point number, the controlled device associated with the I/O point, the location of the I/O device, and reference drawings. Where a control point is the same as that shown on the control system schematic, label it with the same name. Points list shall specifically identify alarms, trends, event history, archive, totalization, graphic points, and all mapped points from other systems (security systems, lighting control, fire alarm, etc.). Provide points lists, point naming convention, and factory support information for systems provided and integrated into the FMCS.
- 6. Damper Schedule: Schedule shall include a separate line for each damper and a column for each of the damper attributes:
 - a. Damper Identification Tag.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Damper Type.
 - d. Damper Size.
 - e. Duct Size.
 - f. Arrangement.
 - g. Blade Type.
 - h. Velocity.
 - i. Pressure Drop.
 - j. Fail Position.
 - k. Actuator Identification Tag.
 - Actuator Type.
 - m. Mounting.
- 7. Valve Schedule: Valve manufacturer shall size valves and create a valve schedule. Schedule shall include a separate line for each valve and a column for each of the valve attributes:
 - a. Valve Identification Tag.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Valve Type.
 - d. Valve Size.
 - e. Pipe Size.
 - f. Configuration.
 - g. Flow Characteristics.
 - h. Capacity.
 - i. Valve C_v.
 - j. Design Pressure Drop.
 - k. Pressure Drop at Design Flow.
 - Fail Position.
 - m. Close-off Pressure.
 - n. Valve and Actuator Model Number and Type.
- 8. Airflow Measuring Station Schedule:
 - a. The manufacturer's authorized representative shall prepare the airflow measuring station submittal, or review and approve in writing the submittal prepared by the TCC prior to submission to the Architect/Engineer and



prior to installation. The representative shall review air handling equipment submittals and duct fabrication drawings to ensure that all AFMS locations meet the appropriate parameters to achieve proper installation and the specified accuracy. Comply with all manufacturer's installation requirements including straight up and downstream duct lengths. Install airflow straighteners if required by the manufacturer based on installation constraints. The Architect/Engineer shall be notified for approval of any deviations.

- b. Submit product data sheets for airflow measuring devices indicating minimum placement requirements, sensor density, sensor distribution, and installed accuracy to the host control system.
- c. Submit installation, operation, and maintenance documentation.
- 9. Product Data Sheets: Required for each component that includes: unique identification tag that is consistent throughout the submittal, manufacturer's description, technical data, performance curves, installation/maintenance instructions, and other relevant items. When manufacturer's literature applies to a product series rather than a specific product, the data specifically applicable to the project shall be highlighted or clearly indicated by other means. Each submitted piece of literature and drawings shall clearly reference the specification and/or drawing that the submittal is to cover. General catalogs shall not be accepted as cutsheets to fulfill submittal requirements.
- Provide PICS files indicating the BACnet® functionality and configuration of each device
- 11. Provide documentation of submitted products that have been tested and listed by the BACnet Testing Laboratory (BTL), or provide a letter on the manufacturer's company letterhead indicating the anticipated date by which testing is expected to be completed. If, for any reason, BTL testing and listing has not been completed, a written commitment to upgrade installed controls to a version that meets BTL testing and listing requirements in the event that problems are found during BTL testing is required.
- 12. Graphic Display: Include a sample graphic of each system and component identified in the points list with a flowchart (site map) indicating how the graphics are to be linked to each other for system navigation.
- 13. Control System Demonstration and Acceptance: Provide a description of the proposed process, along with <u>all</u> reports and checklists to be used.
- 14. Clearly identify work by others in the submittal.
- 15. Quantities of items submitted may be reviewed but are the responsibility of the Contractor to verify.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Manual:
 - 1. In addition to the requirements of Section 23 05 00, submit an electronic copy of the O&M manuals in PDF format.



- 2. Provide three complete sets of manuals.
- Each O&M manual shall include:
 - a. Table of contents with indexed tabs dividing information as outlined below.
 - b. Definitions: List of all abbreviations and technical terms with definitions.
 - c. Warranty Contacts: Names, addresses, and 24-hour telephone numbers of contractors installing equipment and controls and service representatives of each.
 - d. Licenses, Guarantees, and Warranties: Provide documentation for all equipment and systems.
 - e. System Components: Alphabetical list of all system components, with the name, address, and telephone number of the vendor.
 - f. Operating Procedures: Include procedures for operating the control systems; logging on/off; enabling, assigning, and reporting alarms; generating reports; collection, displaying, and archiving of trended data; overriding computer control; event scheduling; backing up software and data files; and changing setpoints and other variables.
 - g. Programming: Description of the programming language (including syntax), statement descriptions (including algorithms and calculations used), point database creation and modification, program creation and modification, and use of the editor.
 - h. Engineering, Installation, and Maintenance: Explain how to design and install new points, panels, and other hardware; recommended preventive maintenance procedures for all system components, including a schedule of tasks (inspection, cleaning, calibration, etc.), time between tasks, and task descriptions; how to debug hardware problems; and how to repair or replace hardware. A list of recommended spare parts.
 - i. Software: One set of CDs containing an executable copy of all custom software created using the programming language, including the setpoints, tuning parameters, and object database.
 - j. Graphics: A glossary or icon symbol library detailing the function of each graphic icon and graphics creation and modification. One set of CDs containing files of all color graphic screens created for the project.
- D. Training Manual:
 - 1. Provide a course outline and training manuals for each training class.
- E. Record Documents:
 - 1. Submit record documentation per Section 23 05 00.



- 2. Provide a complete set of "as-built" drawings and application software on CDs. Provide drawings as AutoCAD™ or Visio™ compatible files. Provide two copies of the "as-built" drawings with revisions clearly indicated in addition to the documents on compact disk. All as-built drawings shall also be installed on the FMCS server in a dedicated directory. Provide all product data sheets in PDF format.
- 3. Submit two hard copies and one electronic copy of as-built versions of the shop drawings, including product data and record drawings with revisions clearly indicated. Provide floor plans showing actual locations of control components including panels, thermostats, sensors, and hardware.
- 4. Provide all completed testing and commissioning reports and checklists, along with all trend logs for each system identified in the points lists.
- 5. Submit printouts of all graphic screens with current values (temperatures, pressures, etc.) to the A/E verifying completion and proper operation of all points.

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Provide factory-shipping cartons for each piece of equipment and control device. Maintain cartons through shipping, storage, and handling as required to prevent equipment damage. Store equipment and materials inside and protected from weather.
- B. Factory-Mounted Components: Where control devices specified in this section are indicated to be factory mounted on equipment, arrange for shipping control devices to unit manufacturer.

1.06 PRODUCTS FURNISHED BUT NOT INSTALLED UNDER THIS SECTION

- A. Control Valves.
- B. Flow Switches.
- C. Temperature Sensor Sockets.
- D. Gauge Taps.
- E. Automatic Dampers.

1.07 AGENCY AND CODE APPROVALS

- A. All products shall have the following agency approvals. Provide verification that the approvals exist for all submitted products with the submittal package.
 - UL-916; Energy Management Systems.
 - 2. C-UL listed to Canadian Standards Association C22.2 No. 205-M1983 "Signal Equipment."
 - 3. EMC Directive 89/336/EEC (European CE Mark).
 - 4. FCC, Part 15, Subpart J, Class A Computing Devices.

1.08 ACRONYMS

- A. Acronyms used in this specification are as follows:
 - B-AAC BACnet Advanced Application Controller
 - B-ASC BACnet Application Specific Controller



3.	BTL	BACnet Testing Laboratories
4.	DDC	Direct Digital Controls
5.	FMCS	Facility Management and Control System
6.	GUI	Graphic User Interface
7.	IBC	Interoperable BACnet Controller
8.	IDC	Interoperable Digital Controller
9.	LAN	Local Area Network
10.	NAC	Network Area Controller
11.	ODBC	Open DataBase Connectivity
12.	OOT	Object Oriented Technology
13.	OPC	Open Connectivity via Open Standards
14.	PICS	Product Interoperability Compliance Statement
15.	PMI	Power Measurement Interface
16.	POT	Portable Operator's Terminal
17.	TCC	Temperature Control Contractor
18.	TCS	Temperature Control System
19.	WAN	Wide Area Network
20.	WBI	Web Browser Interface

1.09 SUMMARY

- A. Extend Existing System:
 - 1. Extend the existing FMCS for this project.
 - 2. All controllers and accessories shall interface with the existing FMCS.
- B. TCC shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and service necessary for a complete and operating Temperature Control System (TCS) and Facility Management and Control System (FMCS) using Direct Digital Controls as shown on the drawings and as described herein.
- C. All labor, material, equipment and software not specifically referred to herein or on the plans that is required to meet the intent of this specification shall be provided without additional cost to the Owner.
- D. The Owner shall be the named license holder of all software associated with any and all incremental work on the project.

1.10 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Cooperation with Other Trades: Coordinate the Work of this section with that of other sections to ensure that the Work will be carried out in an orderly fashion. It is this Contractor's responsibility to check the Contract Documents for possible conflicts between the Work of this section and that of other crafts in equipment location; pipe, duct and conduit runs; electrical outlets and fixtures; air diffusers; and structural and architectural features.

1.11 WARRANTY

A. Refer to Section 23 05 00 for warranty requirements.



- B. Within the warranty period, any defects in the work provided under this section due to faulty materials, methods of installation or workmanship shall be promptly (within 48 hours after receipt of notice) repaired or replaced by this Contractor at no expense to the Owner.
- C. Warranty requirements include furnishing and installing all FMCS software upgrades issued by the manufacturer during the one-year warranty period.
- D. Update all software and back-ups during warranty period and all user documentation on the Owner's archived software disks.

1.12 WARRANTY ACCESS

A. The Owner shall grant to this Contractor reasonable access to the TCS and FMCS during the warranty period.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Automated Logic by Sunbelt Controls.
 - Contact Eric Enseñat at (925) 360-2754 or eensenat@sunbeltcontrols.com.

2.02 SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

A. General:

- 1. The Temperature Control System (TCS) and Facility Management Control System (FMCS) shall consist of a network of interoperable, standalone digital controllers, a computer system, graphic user interface software, printers, network devices, valves, dampers, sensors, and other devices as specified herein.
- 2. The installed system shall provide secure password access to all features, functions and data contained in the overall FMCS.
- B. Open, Interoperable, Integrated Architectures:
 - 1. All components and controllers supplied under this Division shall be true "peer-to-peer" communicating devices. Components or controllers requiring "polling" by a host to pass data are not acceptable.
 - The supplied system must be able to access all data using standard Web browsers without requiring proprietary operator interface and configuration programs. An Open DataBase Connectivity (ODBC) or Structured Query Language (SQL) compliant server database is required for all system database parameter storage. This data shall reside on a supplier-installed server for all database access. Systems requiring proprietary database and user interface programs are not acceptable.
 - 3. Hierarchical or "flat" topologies are required to have system response times as indicated below and to manage the flow and sharing of data without unduly burdening the customer's internal intranet network.



- a. Maximum acceptable response time from any alarm occurrence (at the point of origin) to the point of annunciation shall not exceed 5 seconds for network connected user interfaces.
- b. Maximum acceptable response time from any alarm occurrence (at the point of origin) to the point of annunciation shall not exceed 60 seconds for remote or dial-up connected user interfaces.

2.03 NETWORKS

- A. The Local Area Network (LAN) shall be a 100 megabits/sec Ethernet network supporting BACnet, Java, XML, HTTP, and SOAP. Provide support for multiple Network Area Controllers (NACs), user workstations and, if specified, a local server.
- B. Local area network minimum physical and media access requirements:
 - 1. Ethernet; IEEE Standard 802.3.
 - 2. Cable; 100 Base-T, UTP-8 wire, Category 6.
 - 3. Minimum throughput; 100 Mbps.
- C. Communication conduits shall not be installed closer than six feet from 110VAC or higher transformers or run parallel within six feet of electrical high power cables. Route the cable as far from interference generating devices as possible. Where communication wire must cross 110VAC or higher wire, it must do so at right angles.
- D. Ground all shields (earth ground) at one point only to eliminate ground loops. Provide all shield grounding at the controller location, with the shield at the sensor/device end of the applicable wire being left long and "safed" off in an appropriate manner.
- E. There shall be no power wiring in excess of 30 VAC rms run in conduit with communications wiring. In cases where signal wiring is run in conduit with communication wiring, run all communication wiring and signal wiring using separate twisted pairs (24awg) in accordance with the manufacturer's wiring practices.

2.04 BACNET FMCS

- A. The intent of this specification is to provide a peer-to-peer networked, standalone, distributed control system with the capability to integrate ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135-2001 BACnet, MODBUS, OPC, and other open and proprietary communication protocols in one open, interoperable system.
- B. The supplied computer software shall employ object-oriented technology (OOT) for representation of all data and control devices in the system. Adherence to industry standards including the latest ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135 (BACnet) to assure interoperability between all system components is required. For each BACnet device, the device supplier must provide a PICS document showing the installed device's compliance level. Minimum compliance is Level 3; with the ability to support data read and write functionality. Physical connection of BACnet devices shall be via Ethernet (BACnet Ethernet/IP) and/or RS-485 (BACnet MSTP).



- C. Interoperable BACnet Controller (IBC):
 - Controls shall be microprocessor based Interoperable BACnet Controllers (IBC) in accordance with the latest ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135. Provide IBCs for unit ventilators, fan coils, heat pumps, terminal air boxes (TAB) and other applications. The application control program shall reside in the same enclosure as the input/output circuitry that translates the sensor signals. Provide a PICS document showing the installed system's compliance level to ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135. Minimum compliance is Level 3.
 - 2. The IBCs shall be listed by the BACnet Testing Laboratory (BTL) as follows:
 - a. BACnet Building Controller(s) (B-BC).
 - b. BACnet Advanced Application Controller(s) (B-ACC).
 - c. BACnet Application Specific Controller(s) (B-ASC).
 - 3. The IBCs shall communicate with the NAC via an Ethernet connection at a baud rate of not less than 10 Mbps.
 - 4. Each IBC sensor shall connect directly to the IBC and shall not use any of the I/O points of the controller. The IBC Sensor shall provide a two-wire connection to the controller that is polarity and wire type insensitive. The IBC sensor shall provide a communications jack for connection to the BACnet communication trunk to which the IBC controller is connected. The IBC sensor, the connected controller, and all other devices on the BACnet bus shall be accessible by the POT.
 - 5. All IBCs shall be fully application programmable and shall at all times maintain their BACnet Level 3 compliance. Controllers offering application selection only (non-programmable) require a 10% spare point capacity to be provided for all applications. Store all control sequences within or programmed into the IBC in non-volatile memory that does not depend on a battery to be retained.
 - 6. The Contractor supplying the IBCs shall provide documentation for each device, with the following information at a minimum:
 - a. BACnet Device; MAC address, name, type and instance number.
 - b. BACnet Objects; name, type and instance number.
 - 7. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that the proper BACnet objects are provided in each IBC.

D. Object Libraries

- 1. A standard library of objects shall be included for development and setup of application logic, user interface displays, system services, and communication networks.
- 2. The objects in this library shall be capable of being copied and pasted into the user's database and shall be organized according to their function. In addition, the user shall have the capability to group objects created in their application and store the new instances of these objects in a user-defined library.



- 3. In addition to the standard libraries specified here, the system supplier shall maintain an on-line accessible (over the Internet) library, available to all registered users, to provide new or updated objects and applications as they are developed.
- 4. All control objects shall conform to the control objects specified in the BACnet specification.
- 5. The library shall include applications or objects for the following functions, at a minimum:
 - a. Scheduling Object: The schedule must conform to the schedule object as defined in the BACnet specification, providing seven-day plus holiday and temporary scheduling features and a minimum of 10 on/off events per day. Data entry to be by graphic sliders to speed creation and selection of onoff events.
 - b. Calendar Object: The calendar must conform to the calendar object as defined in the BACnet specification, providing 12-month calendar features to allow for holiday or special event data entry. Data entry to be by graphic "point-and-click" selection. This object must be "linkable" to any or all scheduling objects for effective event control.
 - c. Override Object: Provide override object that is capable of restarting equipment turned off by other energy saving programs to maintain occupant comfort or for equipment protection.
 - d. Start-Stop Time Optimization Object: Provide a start-stop time optimization object to start equipment just early enough to bring space conditions to desired conditions by the scheduled occupancy time. Also, allow equipment to be stopped before the scheduled unoccupied time just far enough ahead to take advantage of the building's "flywheel" effect for energy savings. Provide automatic tuning of all start-stop time object properties based on historical performance.
 - Demand Limiting Object: Provide a demand-limiting object that is capable Р of controlling demand for any selected energy utility (electric, oil, gas, etc.). The object shall be able to monitor a demand value and predict (using a sliding window prediction algorithm) the demand at the end of the user-This object shall also defined interval period (1 to 60 minutes). accommodate a utility meter time sync pulse for fixed interval demand control. Upon a prediction that will exceed the user-defined demand limit (supply a minimum of 6 per day), the demand limiting object shall issue shed commands to either turn off user specified loads or modify equipment setpoints to provide the desired energy reduction. If the list of sheddable equipment is not enough to reduce the demand to below the setpoint. display a message on the user's screen (as an alarm) instructing the user to take manual actions to maintain the desired demand. The shed lists are specified by the user and shall be selectable to be shed in either a fixed or rotating order to control which equipment is shed the most often. Upon suitable reductions in demand, the demand-limiting object shall restore the equipment that was shed in the reverse order in which it was



shed. Each sheddable object shall have a minimum and maximum shed time property to provide both equipment protection and occupant comfort.

- 6. The library shall include control objects for the following functions:
 - a. Analog Input Object: Minimum requirement is to comply with the BACnet standard for data sharing. Allow high, low and failure limits to be assigned for alarming. Also, provide a time delay filter property to prevent nuisance alarms caused by temporary excursions above or below the user defined alarm limits.
 - b. Analog Output Object: Minimum requirement is to comply with the BACnet standard for data sharing.
 - c. Binary Input Object: Minimum requirement is to comply with the BACnet standard for data sharing. The user must be able to specify either input condition for alarming. This object must also include the capability to record equipment runtime by counting the amount of time the hardware input is in an "on" condition. The user must be able to specify either input condition as the "on" condition.
 - d. Binary Output Object: Minimum requirement is to comply with the BACnet standard for data sharing. Properties to enable minimum on and off times for equipment protection as well as start-to-start delay must be provided. Incorporate the BACnet Command Prioritization priority scheme to allow multiple control applications to execute commands on this object with the highest priority command being invoked. Provide 16 levels of priority as a minimum. Systems not employing the BACnet method of contention resolution are not acceptable.
 - e. PID Control Loop Object: Minimum requirement is to comply with the BACnet standard for data sharing. Each individual property must be adjustable to allow proportional control only, or proportional with integral control, or proportional, integral and derivative control.
 - f. Comparison Object: Allow a minimum of two analog objects to be compared to select either the highest, lowest, or equality between the two linked inputs. Also, allow limits to be applied to the output value for alarm generation.
 - g. Math Object: Allow a minimum of four analog objects to be tested for the minimum or maximum, or the sum, difference, or average of linked objects. Also, allow limits to be applied to the output value for alarm generation.
 - h. Custom Programming Objects: Provide a blank object template for the creation of new custom objects to meet specific user application requirements. This object must provide a simple BASIC-like programming language that is used to define object behavior. Provide a library of functions including, but not limited to, math and logic functions and string manipulation. Also, provide a comprehensive on-line debug tool to allow complete testing of the new object. Allow new objects to be stored in the library for reuse.



- i. Interlock Object: Provide an interlock object that provides a means of coordination of objects within a piece of equipment, such as an air handler or other similar types of equipment. An example is to link the return fan to the supply fan such that, when the supply fan is started, the return fan object is also started automatically without the user having to issue separate commands or to link each object to a schedule object. In addition, the control loops, damper objects, and alarm monitoring (such as return air, supply air, and mixed air temperature objects) will be inhibited from alarming during a user-defined period after startup to allow for stabilization. When the air handler is stopped, the interlocked return fan is also stopped, the outside air damper is closed, and other related objects within the air handler unit are inhibited from alarming, thereby eliminating nuisance alarms during the off period.
- j. Temperature Override Object: Provide an object whose purpose is to override a binary output to an "on" state in the event a user-specified high or low limit value is exceeded. Link this object to the desired binary output object as well as to an analog object for temperature monitoring to cause the override to be enabled. This object will execute a start command at the Temperature Override level of start/stop command priority, unless changed by the user.
- k. Composite Object: Provide a container object that allows a collection of objects representing an application to be encapsulated to protect the application from tampering or to more easily represent large applications. This object must have the ability to allow the user to select the appropriate parameters of the "contained" application that are represented on the graphic shell of this container.
- 7. The object library shall include objects to support the integration of devices connected to the Network Area Controller (NAC). Provide the following as part of the standard library included with the programming software:
 - a. LonMark/LonWorks Devices: These devices shall include, but not be limited to, devices for control of HVAC, lighting, access, and metering. Provide LonMark manufacturer-specific objects to facilitate simple integration of these devices. Support all network variables defined in the LonMark profile. The device manufacturer shall provide information (type and function) regarding network variables not defined in the LonMark profile.
 - b. For devices not conforming to the LonMark standard, provide a dynamic object that can be assigned to the device based on network variable information provided by the device manufacturer. Device manufacturer shall provide an XIF file, resource file, and documentation for the device to facilitate device integration.
 - c. For BACnet devices, provide the following objects:
 - 1) Analog In.
 - Analog Out.
 - 3) Analog Value.



- 4) Binary.
- 5) Binary In.
- 6) Binary Out.
- 7) Binary Value.
- 8) Multi-State In.
- 9) Multi-State Out.
- 10) Multi-State Value.
- 11) Schedule Export.
- 12) Calendar Export.13) Trend Export.
- 14) Device.
- .., ____.
- d. For each BACnet object, provide the ability to assign the object a BACnet device and object instance number.
- e. For BACnet devices, provide the following support at a minimum:
 - 1) Segmentation.
 - 2) Segmented Request.
 - 3) Segmented Response.
 - 4) Application Services.
 - 5) Read Property.
 - 6) Read Property Multiple.
 - 7) Write Property.
 - 8) Write Property Multiple.
 - 9) Confirmed Event Notification.
 - 10) Unconfirmed Event Notification.
 - 11) Acknowledge Alarm.
 - 12) Get Alarm Summary.
 - 13) Who-has.
 - 14) I-have.
 - 15) Who-is.
 - 16) I-am.
 - 17) Subscribe COV.
 - 18) Confirmed COV notification.
 - 19) Unconfirmed COV notification.
 - 20) Media Types.
 - 21) Ethernet.
 - 22) BACnet IP Annex J.
 - 23) MSTP
 - 24) BACnet Broadcast Management Device (BBMD) function.
 - 25) Routing.

2.05 SYSTEM PROGRAMMING

- A. The GUI software shall perform system programming and graphic display engineering. Access to the GUI software shall be through password access as assigned by the system administrator.
- B. Provide a library of control, application, and graphic objects to enable creation of all applications and user interface screens. Applications shall be created by selecting the control objects from the library, dragging or pasting them on the screen, and linking them



together using a built-in graphic connection tool. Completed applications may be stored in the library for future use. GUI screens shall be created in the same fashion. Data for the user displays shall be obtained by graphically linking the user display objects to the application objects to provide "real-time" data updates. Any real-time data value or object property may be connected to display its current value on a user display. Provide all software tools or processes to create applications and user interface displays.

C. Programming Methods

- 1. Provide the capability to copy objects from the supplied libraries or from a user-defined library to the user's application. Link objects with a graphic linking scheme by dragging a link from one object to another. Object links will support one-to-one, many-to-one, or one-to-many relationships. Linked objects shall maintain their connections to other objects regardless of where they are positioned on the page and shall show link identification for links to objects on other pages for easy identification. Links will vary in color depending on the type of link; e.g., internal, external, hardware, etc.
- 2. Configuration of each object shall be done through the object's property sheet using fill-in-the-blank fields, list boxes, and selection buttons. Use of custom programming, scripting language, or a manufacturer-specific procedural language for configuration is not acceptable.
- 3. The software shall provide the ability to view the logic in a monitor mode. When on-line, the monitor mode shall provide the ability to view the logic in real time for easy diagnosis of the logic execution. When off-line (debug), the monitor mode shall allow the user to set values to inputs and monitor the logic for diagnosing execution before it is applied to the system.
- 4. All programming shall be done in real time. Systems requiring the uploading, editing, and downloading of database objects are not allowed.
- 5. The system shall support object duplication in a customer's database. An application, once configured, can be copied and pasted for easy reuse and duplication. All links, other than to the hardware, shall be maintained during duplication.

2.06 DDE DEVICE INTEGRATION

- A. The NAC shall support the integration of device data via Dynamic Data Exchange (DDE) over the Ethernet network. The NAC shall act as a DDE client to another software application that functions as a DDE server.
- B. Provide the required objects in the library included with the Graphic User Interface programming software to support the integration of these devices into the FMCS. Objects provided shall include, at a minimum:
 - 1. DDE Generic Al Object.
 - 2. DDE Generic AO Object.
 - DDE Generic BO Object.
 - 4. DDE Generic BI Object.



2.07 MODBUS SYSTEM INTEGRATION

- A. The NAC shall support integration of device data from Modbus RTU, ASCII, and TCP control system devices. Connect to the Modbus system via an RS-232, RS485, or Ethernet IP as required by the device.
- B. Provide the required objects in the library included with the GUI programming software to support the integration of the Modbus system data into the FMCS. Objects provided shall include, at a minimum:
 - 1. Read/Write Modbus AI Registers.
 - 2. Read/Write Modbus AO Registers.
 - 3. Read/Write Modbus BI Registers.
 - 4. Read/Write Modbus BO Registers.
- C. The NAC shall perform all scheduling, alarming, logging and global supervisory control functions of the Modbus system devices.
- D. The FMCS supplier shall provide a Modbus system communications driver. The equipment system vendor that provided the equipment using Modbus shall provide documentation of the system's Modbus interface and shall provide factory support at no charge during system commissioning.

2.08 CONTROL DAMPERS

- A. Rectangular Control Dampers Standard Construction:
 - 1. Shall be licensed to bear the AMCA Certified Rating Seal.
 - 2. Test leakage and pressure drop per AMCA 500.
 - 3. Frame: Hat-shaped channel, minimum 12 gauge extruded aluminum, and minimum 4" deep. Caulk or weld seams to prevent leakage.
 - 4. Blades: Minimum 12 gauge extruded aluminum airfoil design, minimum 6" wide, and overlapping blades and blade seals (overlapping blade seals only is unacceptable).
 - 5. Shaft: Non-cylindrical, solid aluminum shaft with opening in blade to match profile of shaft. Shaft shall be securely fastened to the blade and of sufficient length to mount direct-coupled actuator. Damper manufacturer shall provide drive pin extensions and outboard bearing support brackets as required.
 - 6. Bearings: Acetal (Delrin/Celcon) inner bearing fixed to an aluminum shaft, rotating within a polycarbonate outer bearing inserted in the frame. Provide thrust bearings for vertical damper applications.
 - 7. Blade Seals: Extruded silicone gaskets secured in an integral slot within the blade.
 - 8. Side Seals: Stainless steel compression type or extruded silicone gasket secured in an integral slot within the frame.



- 9. Linkage: Shall be concealed in the frame, constructed of aluminum or corrosion-resistant zinc plated steel, and securely fastened to shaft. Blades linked for opposed operation, unless noted otherwise on the drawings. Blades shall close evenly. Use one direct-coupled actuator per damper section. Jack-shafting is not acceptable.
- 10. Size Limits: 48" maximum horizontal blade length, 24 square foot maximum area per damper. Total cross-sectional area of dampers in ducts shall be at least as large as the duct without the use of blank-off sections.
- 11. Maximum Leakage: 9 cfm at 1" w.c. pressure differential for a 24"x24" damper.
- 12. Maximum Pressure Drop for Opposed Blade Damper: 0.15" for 8,000 cfm through a 24"x24" damper (2000 fpm).
- 13. Maximum Pressure Drop for Parallel Blade Damper: 0.08" for 8,000 cfm through a 24"x24" damper (2000 fpm).

2.09 DAMPER ACTUATORS

- A. Damper Actuators Electronic Spring Return
 - Damper actuators shall be UL listed, electronic direct coupled with spring return to normal position for modulating or two-position control as noted in the sequence of control. Actuator shall be 24 VAC with proportional control, electronic overload protection to prevent actuator damage due to over-rotation and "V" bolt clamp with matching "V" toothed cradle (single bolt or setscrew fasteners not acceptable).
 - 2. Following power interruption, spring return mechanism shall close the damper. Mechanical spring shall be rated for a minimum of 60,000 full cycles. Provide breathable membrane in actuator housing to compensate for pressure differential and allow for 95% non-condensing relative humidity in the airstream.
 - 3. Mount actuators with motor outside of airstream whenever possible. Unit casings shall have housing with proper weather, corrosive, or explosion-proof construction as required by application.
 - 4. Actuators shall be rated for 60,000 full cycles at rated torque with 2-year unconditional warranty. Size actuators per damper manufacturer's recommendations.
 - 5. Provide end switches as required for the sequence of operation.
 - 6. Provide analog feedback signal for positive position indication. Refer to FMCS points list.

2.10 HYDRONIC CONTROL VALVES

A. General:

1. Two-position valves shall be a minimum of line size with a maximum allowable pressure drop of 2 psi.



- 2. Size two-way and three-way modulating valves to provide a pressure drop at full flow of 1 to 4 psi, except boiler three-way and cooling tower bypass valves shall not have a pressure drop over 2 psi.
- 3. Two-way valves shall be 100% tight-closing. Three-way valves shall be 100% tight-closing in both extreme positions.
- 4. Modulating two-way valves shall have equal percentage flow characteristics.
- 5. Modulating three-way valves shall have linear flow characteristics.
- 6. Piping geometry correction factors for C_v ratings shall be used and stated for ball valves, butterfly valves, or non-characterized valves.

B. Modulating:

- 1. Ball 2" and under:
 - a. Design Pressure: 400 psi

Design Temperature: 212°F Design Flow Differential Pressure Rating: 35 psi

- b. Bronze or brass body, nickel plated brass or stainless steel stem, chrome plated brass or stainless steel ball, PTFE or RTFE seats and seals, screwed ends (solder ends are acceptable only if rated for soldering in line with 470°F melting point of 95-5 solder).
- 2. Ball 3" to 6":
 - a. Design Pressure: 200 psi

Design Temperature: 212°F Design Flow Differential Pressure Rating: 35 psi

b. Cast iron body, stainless steel stem, stainless steel full port ball, PTFE or RTFE seats and seals, flanged ends.

2.11 VALVE ACTUATORS

A. General:

- Actuators shall be sized to operate the valve through its full range of motion and shall close against pump shutoff pressure without producing audible noise at any valve position.
- 2. Provide visual position indication.
- 3. Mount actuator directly on valve or provide linear motion assembly as required for valve type.



B. Valve Actuators - Electronic:

- 1. Actuator shall be UL listed and provided with NEMA housing for applicable environment, electronic overload protection to prevent actuator damage due to over-rotation, and "V" bolt clamp with matching "V" toothed cradle (single bolt or setscrew fasteners not acceptable).
- 2. Actuators shall be rated for 60,000 full stroke cycles at rated torque. Stall motor not acceptable.
- 3. Tri-state/floating actuators shall have auto-zeroing function for realigning valve position.
- 4. Proportional actuator position shall be proportional to analog or pulse width modulating signal from electronic control system.
- 5. Spring return actuators shall have an internal spring return mechanism. Non-mechanical forms of fail-safe operation are not acceptable.
- 6. Provide analog feedback signal for positive position indication as required by control diagrams.

2.12 CONTROL INSTRUMENTATION

A. Temperature Sensors:

- 1. Room Temperature Sensor:
 - a. Sensor with Setpoint Adjustment: Two-piece construction, ventilated plastic enclosure, off-white color, thermistor sensing element or resistance temperature device (RTD), 45°F to 90°F operating range, ± 0.50°F accuracy, with exposed single setpoint adjustment (no numeric temperature scale provide with a single warmer/cooler or red/blue visual scale), no override button.
- 2. Duct Temperature Sensor:
 - a. Thermistor or RTD type. Pneumatic transmitters with transducers are not acceptable.
- 3. Water Temperature Sensor:
 - a. Install in immersion wells. Separate thermometers as specified elsewhere, also of the immersion well type, shall be installed within 2 feet of each temperature sensor.
- B. Flow Measuring Devices



- 1. Airflow Measuring Stations:
 - a. Duct Mounted Airflow Measuring Stations (AFMS) Thermal Dispersion
 - 1) Provide airflow/temperature measurement devices where indicated on the plans.
 - Each AFMS shall consist of one or more sensor probes and a single, remotely mounted, microprocessor-based transmitter capable of independently processing up to 16 independently wired sensor assemblies.
 - a) Each sensor assembly shall contain two individually wired, hermetically sealed bead-in-glass thermistors.
 - b) Thermistors shall be mounted in the sensor assembly using a marine-grade, waterproof epoxy. Thermistor leads shall be protected and not exposed to the environment.
 - c) Devices using chip-in-glass or diode-case chip thermistors are not acceptable.
 - d) Devices using less than two thermistors in each sensor assembly are not acceptable.
 - e) Devices using platinum wire RTDs are not acceptable.
 - f) Devices having electronic circuitry mounted in or at the sensor probe are not acceptable.
 - g) Pitot tubes and arrays are not acceptable.
 - h) Vortex shedding devices are not acceptable.
 - 3) All Sensor Probes
 - a) Each sensor assembly shall independently determine the velocity and temperature at its measurement point.
 - b) Each sensor assembly shall be calibrated at a minimum of 16 airflow rates and 3 temperatures to standards that are traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).
 - c) Airflow measuring station assembly accuracy shall be +/-2% of Reading over the entire operating airflow range. Temperature accuracy shall be +/-0.15°F between -20°F and 160°F.
 - d) The operating humidity range for each sensor probe shall be 0-99% RH (non-condensing).



- e) Each sensor probe shall have an integral, UL listed, plenum rated cable and terminal plug for connection to the remotely mounted transmitter. A single manufacturer shall provide both the airflow/temperature measuring probe(s) and transmitter for each measurement location.
- f) The number of probes shall be as recommended by the manufacturer to achieve the specified accuracy.

4) Duct and Plenum Probes

- a) Probes shall be constructed of extruded, gold anodized, 6063 aluminum tube. All wires within the aluminum tube shall be Kynar coated.
- b) Probe assembly mounting brackets shall be constructed of 304 stainless steel.
- c) The operating airflow range shall be 0 to 5,000 FPM unless otherwise indicated on the plans.

5) Sensor Density

Area (sq.ft.)	Total # of Sensors Required
< 2	4
2 to < 4	6
4 to < 8	8
8 to < 16	12
≥ 16	16

6) Transmitters

- a) The transmitter shall have an integral 16 character alphanumeric LCD display capable of simultaneously displaying individual airflow and temperature.
- b) The transmitter shall be capable of field configuration and diagnostics using an on-board interface and LCD display.
- c) The operating temperature range for the transmitter shall be -20° F to 120° F.
- d) The transmitter shall be capable of communicating with other devices using one of the following interface options:
 - (1) Linear analog output signals for airflow and temperature: Field selectable, fuse protected and isolated, 0-10VDC/4-20mA (4-wire)
 - (2) RS-485: Field selectable BACnet-ARCNET, BACnet-MS/TP, Modbus-RTU or Johnson Controls N2-Bus. BACnet devices shall provide analog variables for airflow and temperature



- containing individual sensor airflow rate and temperature data.
- (3) 10 Base-T Ethernet: Field selectable BACnet Ethernet, BACnet-IP, Modbus-TCP and TCP/IP. Provide dynamic link libraries and VBA functions to interface Ethernet devices to Microsoft Excel for remote monitoring of airflow and temperature using a Windows 2000 or Windows XP based PC.
- (4) LonWorks Free Topology.

C. Current Measuring Devices:

- Current Switches for Constant Speed Motors:
 - a. Digital device rated for amperage load of motor or device with split core design, adjustable high and low trip points, 600 VAC rms isolation, induced power from the monitored load, LED indicator lamps for output status and sensor power. The device shall sense overloading, belt-loss, and power failure with a single signal.
- Current Switches for Motors Controlled by VFD:
 - a. Digital device rated for amperage load of motor or device with split core design, factory programmed to detect motor undercurrent conditions on variable or constant volume loads, self-calibrating, positive status indication, LED indicator lamps, 600 VAC rms isolation, induced power from the monitored load with NO output. The current sensor shall store the motor current operating parameters in non-volatile memory and have a pushbutton reset to clear the memory if the operating parameters change or the sensor is moved to another load. The device shall sense overloading, belt-loss, and power failure with a single signal. The sensor shall be mounted on the load side of variable frequency drives.

D. Miscellaneous Devices:

- 1. Control Relays:
 - a. Form "C" contacts rated for the application with "push-to-test" contact transfer feature and an integral LED to indicate coil energization.
 - b. Mount all relays and power supplies in a NEMA 1 enclosure beside the FMCS panel or controlled device and clearly label their functions.

2.13 CONDUIT

- Conduit and Fittings: Refer to Electrical Section 26 05 33 for materials and sizing.
- B. All controls wiring shall be installed within conduit.



2.14 WIRE AND CABLE

A. Wire and Cable Materials: Refer to Electrical Section 26 05 13 for wire and cable materials.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL INSTALLATION

- A. Verify that systems are ready to receive work. Beginning of installation means installer accepts existing conditions.
- B. Install system and materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Drawings of the TCS and FMCS network are diagrammatic only. Any apparatus not shown but required to meet the intent of the project documents shall be furnished and installed without additional cost.
- D. Install all operators, sensors, and control devices where accessible for service, adjustment, calibration, and repair. Do not install devices where blocked by piping or ductwork. Devices with manual reset or limit adjustments shall be installed below 6'-0" if practical to allow inspection without using a ladder.
- E. Verify locations of wall-mounted devices (such as thermostats, temperature and humidity sensors, and other exposed sensors) with drawings and room details before installation. Coordinate mounting heights to be consistent with other wall-mounted devices. Maximum height above finished floor shall not exceed 48".
- F. Provide valves over 3/4" size with position indicators and pilot positioners where sequenced with other controls.
- G. Mount control panels adjacent to associated equipment on vibration-free walls or freestanding angle iron supports. One cabinet may accommodate more than one system in same equipment room.
- H. After completion of installation, test and adjust control equipment.
- I. Check calibration of instruments. Recalibrate or replace.
- J. Furnish and install conduit, wire, and cable per the National Electric Code, unless noted otherwise in this section.
- K. All controls associated with the proper operation of air handling units, pumps, or other mechanical equipment served by emergency power shall be connected to the emergency power system. Control components shall not be powered from the life safety branch of the emergency power system. Coordinate emergency power source connections with the Architect/Engineer.
- L. All hardware, software, equipment, accessories, wiring (power and sensor), piping, relays, sensors, power supplies, transformers, and instrumentation required for a complete and operational FMCS system, but not shown on the electrical drawings, are the responsibility of the TCC.



M. Labels For Control Devices:

- Provide labels indicating service of all control devices in panels and other locations.
- 2. Labels may be made with permanent marking pen in the control panels if clearly legible.
- 3. Use engraved labels for items outside panel such as outside air thermostats.
- 4. Labels are not required for room thermostats, damper actuators and other items where their function is obvious.

N. VFDs:

- 1. This project includes several variable frequency drives to control the flow of fans and/or pumps based on a control variable.
- 2. Verify output signal required, 4-20 mA or 0-10V dc, with the EC.
- If VFD has a bypass feature, auxiliary contacts on the drive may not be used for motor status. A separate relay must be used to indicate motor rotation in either hand or auto positions.
- 4. If a separate current transmitter or switch is indicated for status, install this device between the VFD and the motor. In this case, the drive status may be connected to the auxiliary contacts in the VFD.
- 5. Some devices, such as low limits and fire alarm shutdown relays, must be hardwired to the fan motor. Make connections such that fan will shut down whether in hand or auto position if the unit has a bypass feature.

O. Airflow Stations:

- 1. The transmitter shall be installed at a location that is protected from weather, water, and vibration.
- 2. Mount transmitter where they can easily be read (36" to 66" above floor). Do not fasten transmitters directly to ductwork or compromise duct insulation.
- 3. The manufacturer's authorized representative shall visit the project site during construction prior to station installations to confirm all submitted sizes, mounting requirements and locations. Size adjustments shall be made at no additional cost. The representative shall meet on site with the TCC to support and train them on proper installation procedures and calibration.
- 4. Install labels at each sensor and transmitter identifying its service.

3.02 GRAPHIC DISPLAY

A. Create a customized graphic for each piece of equipment indicated on the itemized points list.



- B. Components shall be arranged on graphic as installed in the field.
- C. Include each graphic point listed in the itemized points list using real time data.
- D. Provide a graphic representation of the following:
 - 1. Show the location of each thermostat on the floor plan.
- E. The FMCS shall include full graphic operator interface to display the following graphics as a minimum:
 - 1. Home page to include a minimum of six critical points: Outside Air Temperature, Outside Air Relative Humidity, Enthalpy, KWH, KW, etc.
 - 2. Graphic floor plans accurately depicting rooms, walls, hallways, and showing accurate locations of space sensors and major mechanical equipment.
 - 3. Detailed graphics for each mechanical system including AHUs, ERUs, EFs, chillers, and boilers, as a minimum.
 - 4. Access corresponding system drawings, technical literature, and sequences of operations directly from each system graphic.
- F. The FMCS shall include individual graphical buttons to access the following data stored in PDF format:
 - 1. Project control as-built documentation including all TCS drawings, diagrams and sequences of operation.
 - 2. TCS Bill of Material for each system, e.g. AHU, RTU, FCU, boiler, etc.
 - Technical literature specification data sheets for all components listed in the TCS Bill of Material.

3.03 CONDUIT INSTALLATION

- A. Conduit Sizing and Installation: Refer to Electrical Section 26 05 33 for execution and installation.
 - 1. Thermostats/temperature sensors shall be installed in junction boxes, flush with the wall, and shall be coordinated for orientation with Architect/Engineer.

3.04 WIRE AND CABLE INSTALLATION

- A. Wire and Cable Materials Installation: Refer to Electrical Section 26 05 13 for execution and installation.
- B. Field Quality Control:
 - 1. Inspect wire and cable for physical damage and proper connection.
 - 2. Torque test conductor connections and terminations to manufacturer's recommended values.



- 3. Perform continuity test on all conductors.
- 4. Protection of cable from foreign materials:
 - a. It is the Contractor's responsibility to provide adequate physical protection to prevent foreign material application or contact with any cable type. Foreign material is defined as any material that would negatively impact the validity of the manufacturer's performance warranty. This includes, but is not limited, to overspray of paint (accidental or otherwise), drywall compound, or any other surface chemical, liquid or compound that could come in contact with the cable, cable jacket or cable termination components.
 - b. Overspray of paint on any cable, cable jacket or cable termination component will not be accepted. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to replace any component containing overspray, in its entirety, at no additional cost to the project. Cleaning of the cables with harsh chemicals is not allowed. This requirement is regardless of the PASS/FAIL test results of the cable containing overspray. Should the manufacturer and warrantor of the structured cabling system desire to physically inspect the installed condition and certify the validity of the structured cabling system (via a signed and dated statement by an authorized representative of the structured cabling manufacturer), the Owner may, at their sole discretion, agree to accept said warranty in lieu of having the affected cables replaced. In the case of plenum cabling, in addition to the statement from the manufacturer, the Contractor shall also present to the Owner a letter from the local Authority Having Jurisdiction stating that they consider the plenum rating of the cable to be intact and acceptable.

C. Installation Schedule:

 Conduit terminations to all devices installed in applications with rotating equipment, expansion/contraction or vibration shall be made with flexible metallic conduit, unless noted otherwise. Final terminations to exterior devices installed in damp or wet locations shall be made with liquidtight flexible metallic conduit. Terminations in hazardous areas, as defined in the National Electrical Code, shall be connected using flexible conduit rated for the environment.

3.05 FMCS INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate voltage and ampacity of all contacts, relays, and terminal connections of equipment being monitored or controlled. Voltage and ampacity shall be compatible with equipment voltage and be rated for full ampacity of wiring or overcurrent protection of circuit controlled.
- B. Naming Conventions: Coordinate all point naming conventions with Owner standards. In the absence of Owner standards, naming conventions shall use equipment designations shown on plans.



3.06 COMMISSIONING

- A. Upon completion of the installation, this Contractor shall load all system software and start up the system. This Contractor shall perform all necessary calibration, testing and debugging and perform all required operational checks to ensure that the system is functioning in full accordance with these specifications.
- B. This Contractor shall perform tests to verify proper performance of components, routines, and points. Repeat tests until proper performance results. This testing shall include a point-by-point log to validate 100% of the input and output points of the FMCS system operation.
- C. This Contractor shall prove that the controls network is functioning correctly and within acceptable bandwidth criteria and shall test the system with an approved protocol analysis tool. Provide a log and statistics summary showing that each channel is within acceptable parameters. Each channel shall be shown to have at least 25% spare capacity for future expansion.
- D. Upon completion of the performance tests described above, repeat these tests, point by point, as described in the validation log above in the presence of Owner's Representative, as required. Properly schedule these tests so testing is complete at a time directed by the Owner's Representative. Do not delay tests so as to prevent delay of occupancy permits or building occupancy.
- E. System Acceptance: Satisfactory completion is when this Contractor has performed successfully all the required testing to show performance compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents to the satisfaction of the Owner's Representative. System acceptance shall be contingent upon completion and review of all corrected deficiencies.

3.07 PREPARATION FOR BALANCING

- A. Verify that all dampers are in the position indicated by the controller (e.g., open, closed or modulating).
- B. Check the calibration and setpoints of all controllers.
- C. Check the locations of all thermostats and humidistats for potential erratic operation from outside influences such as sunlight, drafts, or cold walls.
- D. Check that all sequences operate as specified. Verify that no simultaneous heating and cooling occurs, unless specified. Observe that heating cannot begin at TAB reheat terminals until the unit is at the minimum cfm.
- E. Verify the operation of all interlock systems.

3.08 TEST AND BALANCE COORDINATION

- A. The Contractor shall furnish a single set of all tools necessary to interface to the control system for test and balance purposes.
- B. The Contractor shall provide a minimum of four (4) hours training for the Balancing Contractor in the use of these tools.



- C. In addition, the Contractor shall provide a qualified technician to assist in the test and balance process until the first 20 terminal units are balanced.
- D. The tools used during the test and balance process shall be returned at the completion of the testing and balancing.

3.09 DEMONSTRATION AND ACCEPTANCE

A. At completion of installation, provide two days minimum instruction for operators. Demonstrate operation of all controls and systems. Describe the normal operation of all equipment.

3.10 TRAINING

A. On-Site:

- After completion of commissioning, the manufacturer shall provide 8 hours of training on consecutive days for 4 Owner's representatives. The training course shall enable the Owner's representatives to perform Day-to-Day Operations as defined herein. A factory-trained instructor with experience in presenting the training material and the system programmer for this project shall perform the training.
- B. Day-to-Day Operations Training Description:
 - 1. Proficiently operate the system.
 - 2. Understand control system architecture and configuration.
 - 3. Understand FMCS systems components.
 - 4. Understand system operation, including FMCS system control and optimizing routines (algorithms).
 - 5. Operate the workstation and peripherals.
 - 6. Log-on and off the system.
 - 7. Access graphics, point reports, and logs.
 - 8. Adjust and change system setpoints, time schedules, and holiday schedules.
 - 9. Recognize malfunctions of the system by observation of the printed copy and graphic visual signals.
 - 10. Understand system drawings and Operation and Maintenance manual.
 - 11. Understand the job layout and location of control components.
 - 12. Access data from FMCS controllers and ASCs.
 - 13. Operate portable operator's terminals.

3.11 INSTALLATION OF SENSORS

- A. Install sensors in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Mount sensors rigidly and adequately for the environment within which the sensor operates.
- C. Room temperature sensors shall be installed on concealed junction boxes properly supported by the wall framing.
- D. All wires attached to sensors shall be air sealed in their raceways or in the wall to stop air transmitted from other areas affecting sensor readings.



E. All pipe-mounted temperature sensors shall be installed in immersion wells. Install all liquid temperature sensors with heat-conducting fluid in thermal wells.

END OF SECTION 230900

